Protocol Representation Special Interest Group July 19, 2004

## Agenda

### Goals for today

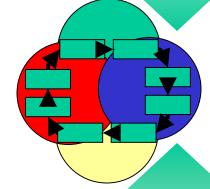
- Review the vision statement from the face to face meeting
- Discuss the scope of the SIG
- Examine possible work statements to achieve those goals

#### Deliverables

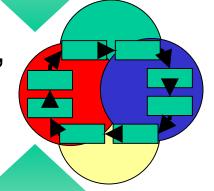
- A draft vision statement
- Homework for scope and use cases
- Comment on possible statements of work
- SOW process: White paper(s) from this sig
  - Review of existing stake holders
  - Design considerations
- Next teleconference call:
  - August 3, 1:00 EDT

### Desiderata

## Standards-Driven Development



caBIG compliant, open-source, integrated, modular, software applications that are USED



User-Driven Development

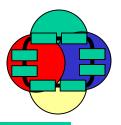
### **Vision**

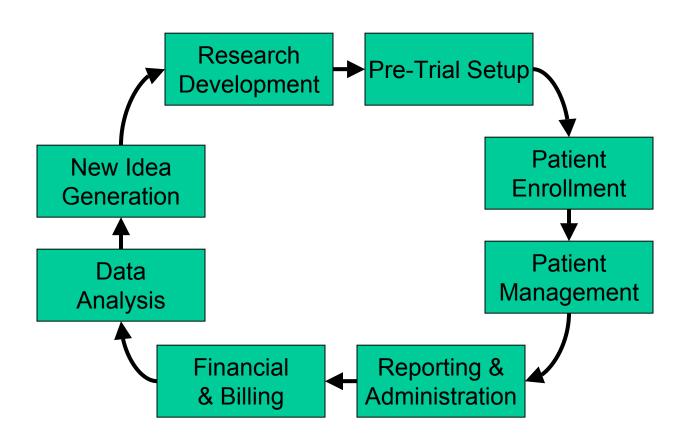
- To define a computable protocol representation that supports the entire life-cycle of clinical trials protocol, and develop tools that use these protocol representations. These tools should be standardsbased, caBIG compliant and assist users in creating, maintaining, and sharing clinical trials information.
- The clinical trials protocol representation will serve as a foundation for caBIG modules that support all phases of the clinical trials life cycle, (including protocol authoring) and be developed to meet user needs and requirements.
- At every stage, we will evaluate and test our work

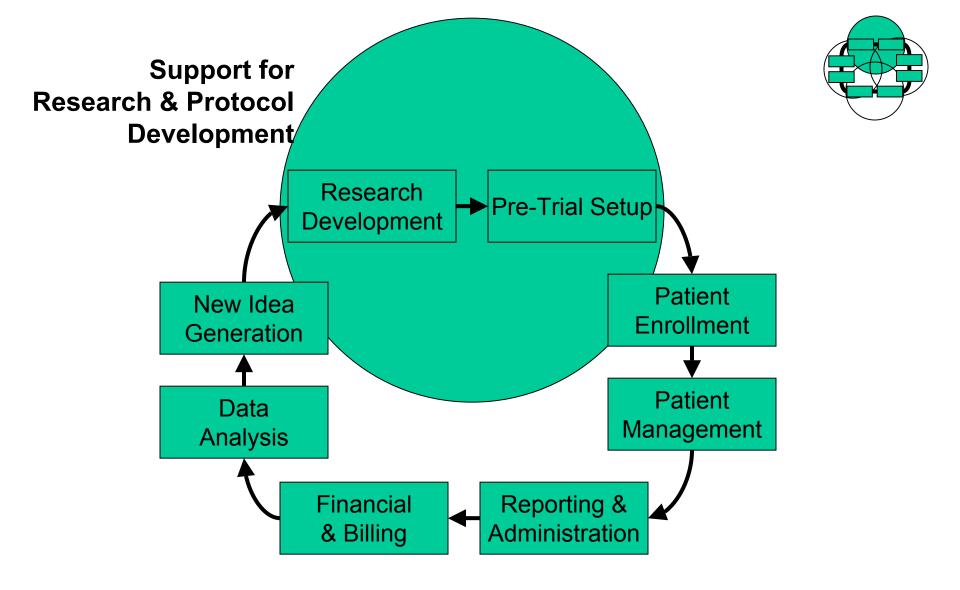
### SIG worktasks

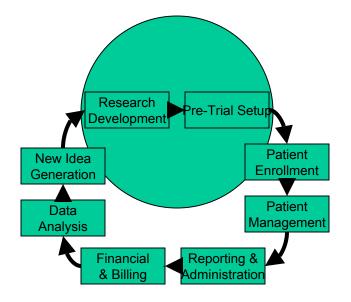
- Vision and Scope
  - Complete vision and scope document
- Interact with other protocol representation groups (ongoing)
  - CTEP/CDISC
  - HL7
- Use case development and user requirements
  - Begin the process of identifying use cases for the life cycle
  - Develop complete protocol registration use case (transferring paper-based description of protocol into clinical trial management system)
  - Develop complete summary 4 use case
- Develop representational constructs based on use cases

## Clinical Trial Life-Cycle

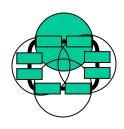




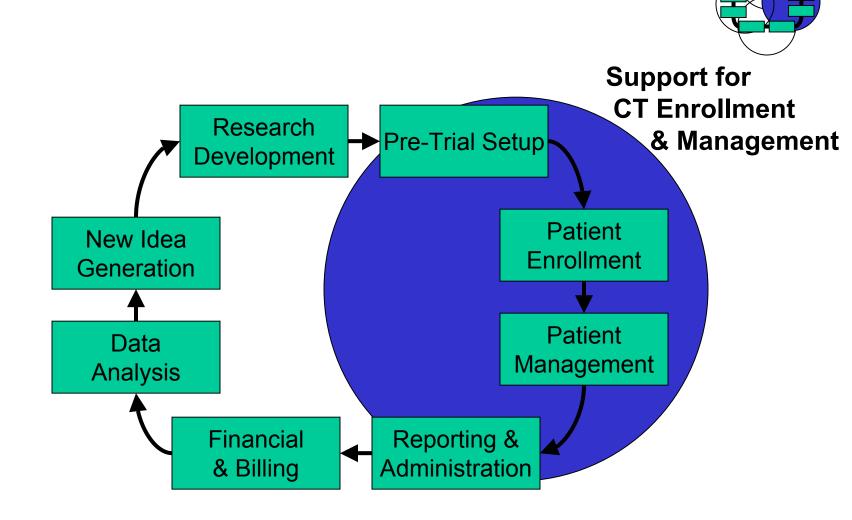


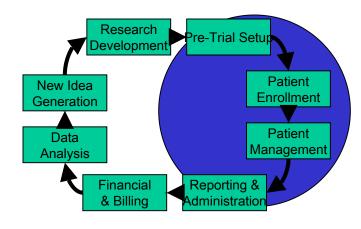


# Support for Research & Protocol Development

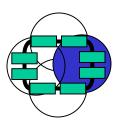


- Principal Investigator
  - Authors CT protocol using tools to construct document and schema
    - Authoring environment for PI
  - Submits protocol and proposal for scientific review
    - Machine and human readable submission
- Clinical Research Coordinator
  - Registers CT protocol into management application
    - Authoring environment for CRC
  - Coordinates IRB submission and review
- Pharmaceutical company
  - Development of new compounds and requires submission to FDA, etc.
    - Authoring environment for Pharma (LOI (phase 1,2), concept (phase 3) with CTEP requirements
- ?unique protocol identifier?
- PI registry
- Government protocol registries

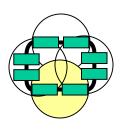


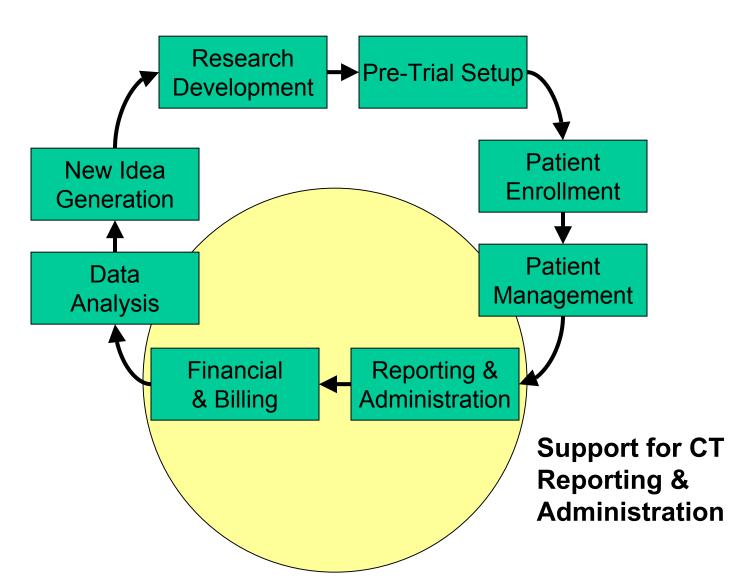


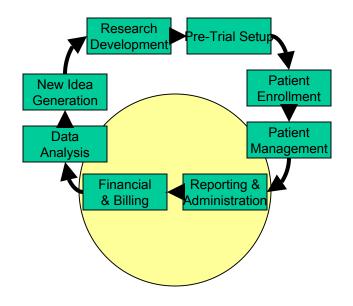
# **Support for CT Enrollment & Management**



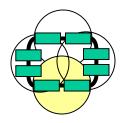
- Patient
  - Identifies trials and eligibility
- Oncologist
  - Matches trial with patient
- Clinical Research Coordinator
  - Determines patient eligibility
  - Tracks patient through treatment cycle
  - Reports adverse events and complications
  - Reports patient outcomes and progression
  - Manages multiple hospital and information systems
- Data registrar
- Sharing information between institutions
  - Doug Stahl (AACI cancer centers)
  - Cooperative groups



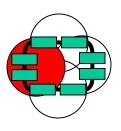


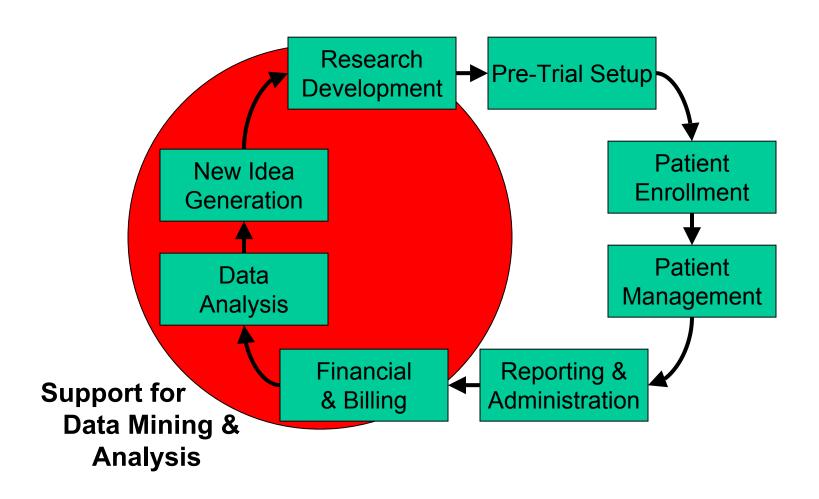


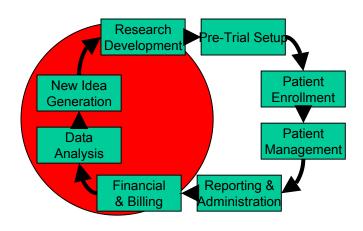
## Support for CT Reporting & Administration



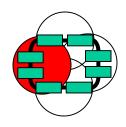
- Clinical Research Coordinator
  - Reports summary 4 statistics
  - CTMS reporting
    - I&D
    - Patient-level reporting (sponsors, and regulators)
  - Reports adverse events
  - Report medical errors
- Financial systems
  - Identifies standard of care vs. clinical trial activities
- Patients
  - Status of the clinical trials
- Administrators
  - Identify status, accruals etc of a protocol







# Support for Data Mining & Analysis



- Statisticians
  - Analysis of outcomes and study
- Principal Investigator
  - Identification of new treatments or therapies
- Patients
  - Evaluate the success of treatments
    - Positive and negative studies
- Scientific abstraction
  - Stopping rules, efficacy
- State of the science meetings (CTEP)
- Raw data sharing
  - Aggregation, cross-study analysis capabilities
- HIPAA
  - Data ownership, privacy

### Steps to take

- Define life-cycle of clinical trials data and applications
- Identify and prioritize life cycle activities for work tasks
- Scope high priority modeling efforts
- Get input from other protocol representation groups

- Identify strategic goals and scope the project. Articulate assumptions, definitions and constraints to a clinical trial protocol representation and tools to support it.
- Identify or Revise Stakeholders, Experts, and Other Sources of Requirements for clinical trial protocol representations (CTEP, HL7, caCORE, others)
  - Other SIGs
  - Other working groups
  - Cooperative groups (involved through cancer institutes, etc)
    - Contact: CTEP, CTSU
    - Mayo system integrates all clinical research into one system
  - AACI (Doug Stahl)
  - CTEP tool for protocol authoring
  - FDA protocol structure working group
  - Protocol registration clinical trials/ protocol (.gov)
  - Other sigs –integrative biology (data sharing)
  - SPORE HIPAA IRB,
  - Standards for biomarkers

- Gather User Requirements for the life cycle of clinical trial protocols
- Compare the user requirements to the business needs of the application. Identify gaps and resolve conflicts
- Conduct a formal Draft Requirements Specification Document Peer Review with working group colleagues





- Perform Requirements Scoping and develop a Release Plan.
- Prioritize requirements and create a plan that prioritizes the order in which the requirements will be developed and deployed

What is the minimum dataset to do this?

Develop Design Plan

- Walk a protocol through the system: evaluate adequacy of the system
- Pilot Evaluation: Identify a caBIG compliant component of the protocol authoring tool for evaluation and roll it out in at least two adopter sites.
  - Evaluate the UI, deployment and implementation strategies, and assess the interoperability of the system both within the two adopter sites, and how this generalizes to other cancer centers.
- Docement project assons learned
  - al, pro social

### **Priorities**

- What part(s) of the life-cycle should we focus on first?
  - CRC authoring?
    - Summary 4 structure
- What parts of the life-cycle should we coordinate with other SIGs or working groups?
  - Reporting
  - Financials
  - Integrative biology

### Other notes/issues

- Can the NCI dictate that cooperative groups, SPOREs, etc, use caBIG compliant tools and representations?
- White paper from cooperative group that describes clinical trials
- NCI initiative on clinical trials (CTWG)
  - Need to get representation on this group from CT working group/sigs in caBIG
  - Strategic roadmap due next year

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